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## Exercise 1: Stark Effect in harmonic Oscillator (Oral, 4 pts.)

The Hamiltonian operator for a 1-dimensional harmonic oscillator in a homogeneous electric field  ${\cal E}$  reads

$$H = \frac{1}{2}(P^2 + Q^2) + eEQ$$
 (1)

Consider the second term in the Hamiltonian as perturbation of the free harmonic oscillator, with  $H_1 := Q$  and  $\lambda := eE$ .

- a) Compute the perturbed eigenfunctions and eigenvectors up to order 3 in  $\lambda$ .
- b) Using the substitution  $Y = Q + \lambda$ , find the exact eigenvalues of the Hamiltonian and compare your result with (a).

## Exercise 2: Perturbation in 2-level System (Oral, 4 pts.)

The unperturbed Hamiltonian operator for a 2-level system reads in its own eigenbasis

$$H_0 = \begin{pmatrix} E_1 & 0\\ 0 & E_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2}$$

Consider the perturbed Hamiltonian operator of the form

$$H(\lambda) := H_0 + \lambda \boldsymbol{e} \cdot \boldsymbol{\sigma}. \tag{3}$$

(with  $\sigma_i$  the Pauli matrices and  $\mathbf{e} := (e_x, e_y, e_z)$  a general vector)

- a) Compute the eigenfunctions and eigenenergies up to 2nd order in  $\lambda$  in the nondegenerate case  $(E_1 \neq E_2)$ .
- b) In the degenerate case  $(E_1 = E_2)$ , find a linear combination of unperturbed eigenvectors which diagonalizes the perturbed Hamiltonian. How does the 1st order correction to the eigenenergies read?
- c) Solve exactly the Schrödinger equation

$$H(\lambda)\psi(\lambda) = E(\lambda)\psi(\lambda) \tag{4}$$

and compare your result with (a) and (b).

## Exercise 3: Projection Operator (Written, 3 bonus pts.(\*))

Define the Projection operator P as  $P^2 = P$  with  $P^{\dagger} = P$ .

- a) Show that the eigenvalues are 0 and 1.
- b) Given the subspace generated by  $|\psi_i\rangle$  (i = 1, ..., N). Show that  $P = \sum_i |\psi_i\rangle \langle \psi_i|$  is a Projection operator for the subspace.
- c) Given the initial state  $|\psi\rangle$ , consider the measurement of P (as given in (b)) with observed value 1. What is the state after the measurement?